

A NEW SPECIES OF THE GENUS SATUREJA
(LABIATAE) FROM IRAN

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Satureja khuzistanica is described as a new species from Iran. The new species is close to *S. edmondi* but differs from it in stem, inflorescence and leaves.

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گونه جدیدی از جنس مرزه (*Satureja* (*Labiatae*) از ایران

زیبا جمزاد

گونه به عنوان گونه‌ای جدید نامگذاری و شرح داده می‌شود. تفاوت‌های این گونه با گونه *S. edmondi* در ساقه، برگ و گل آذین می‌باشد.

INTRODUCTION

Between the plants collected from South West Iran in the autumn 1985, there was an interesting small shrub which was identified as a new species of the genus *Satureja*. The new species is described.

***Satureja khuzistanica* Jamzad, sp. nov.**
(Fig. 1).

Suffrutex, ramosissimus. Caules \pm 30 cm alti, breviter puberuli, dense foliati; internodia brevia, 2-3 mm longa. Folia 6-8 x 3-5 mm, decussata, \pm imbricata, plana, basi petioliformi attenuata, late ovata vel orbicularia, puberula, dense glandulosopunctata, margine ciliata. Folia floralia foliis caulinis \pm similia sed diminuta. Verticillastri 2-8 flori, breviter pedunculati, remoti. Bracteae lanceolatae. Pedicelli 0.5-1 mm longi. Calyx 5.5-6 mm longus, tubuloso-campanulatus, bilabiatus; dentes superiore triangulares, 1 mm longi, inferiore linearis, 1.5 mm longi. Corolla 11 mm longa, violacea, bilabiata. Stamina 4, bina inferiora corollam fauce vix exserta.

Typus. Khuzestan: 72 Km from Andimeshk to Khorramabad, 5 Km after pol-e Tang, 520 m, 14.11.1985, Mozaffarian 58416 (holotypus TARI).

Subshrub, branched. Stem \pm 30 cm high,

shortly pubescent, densely leafy; internodes short, 2-3 mm long, \pm imbricate, decussate, flat, broadly ovate-orbicular covered with white hairs, more on the lower surface and dense sessile glands on the upper surface, \pm ciliate at the margin. Base of the leaves attenuate, petiolifom. Floral leaves similar to the caudine leaves but smaller. Verticillasters 2-8 flowered, shortly pedunculate, remote. Bracts lanceolate. Pedicel 0.5-1 mm long. Calyx 5.5-6 mm long, tubulose campanulate, bilabiate; upper teeth triangular, 1 mm long; lower teeth linear, 1.5 mm long. Corolla 11 mm long, bluish-violet, bilabiate. Stamens 4, the two inferiors barely exserted from the corolla tube.

The new species grows in limestone crevices. It is close to *S. edmondi* Briquet but differs from it in having erect and branched stems (subflexuose in *S. edmondi*), verticillasters shortly pedunculate and remote (subsessile and approximate in *S. edmondi*), leaf internodes 2-3 mm long (8-10 mm in *S. edmondi*). The distribution of the new species is very close to *Cyclotrichium depauperatum* (Bunge) Manden & Sheng. but is distinguished from it by straight corolla tube (not resupinate), not exserted stamens and the calyx teeth not revolute in the sinus positions.

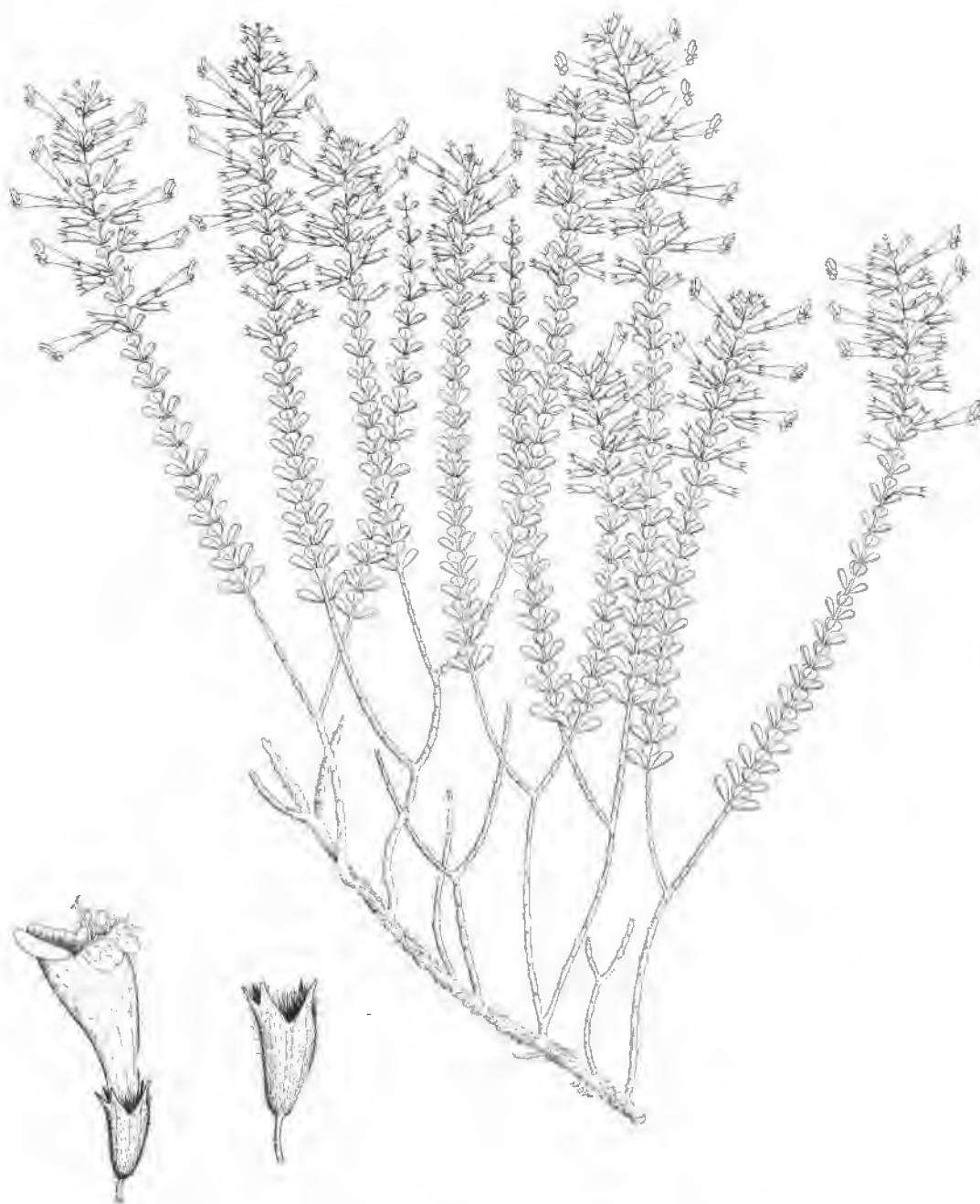


Fig. 1. *Satureja khuzistanica* (x0.7); flower (x3); calyx (x4); leaves (x5).

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