CHROMOSOME NUMBERS OF SOME ARTEMISIA L. SPECIES FROM IRAN

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Chromosome counts are obtained referring to 12 species of *Artemisia*. Chromosome numbers for five species are reported for the first time. Two counts are new numbers for two already cytologically examined species.

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اعداد کروموزومی برخی از گونههای جنس درمنه Artemisia از ایران

اختر توسلی و یویک درخشندهییکر

اعداد کروموزومی ۱۲ گونه از جنس درمنه Artemisiaاز ایران معرفی میگردند که از میان آنها اعداد کروموزومی ۵گونه برای اولین بار گزارش می شوند. دو شمارش جدید برای دو گونه که قبلا از نظر سیتو لو ژیکی مطالعه شده بو دند، ارائه می گردد.

INTRODUCTION

The genus Artemisia is widely distributed in Iran. Altogether 33 species have been reported from the country which many of them show morphological variation. A cytotaxonomic study was planned to be done on the genus, to help the identification of the species. In this work 12 species were examined and 17 chromosome counts are obtained.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Seeds of Artemisia species were collected from herbarium specimens and plants growing in wild. The floret buds were collected from wild plants. For mitotic observation, root tips from seedlings germinated in petri dishes were pretreated with 0.002 mole aques 8 hydroxy quinoline solution, fixed in 1:3 acetic alcohol for 24 hours, transffered to 70% ethyl alcohol and stored at 4°C. The root tips were stained in acetocarmine. For meiotic study the floret buds of appropriate size were treated in the same way as the root tips, excluding pretreatment. Anthers were removed and stained in acetocarmine.

Voucher specimens are deposited at the herbarium of Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands (TARI).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Chromosome numbers were determined for 17 accessions representing 12 species of Artemisia (Table 1, Fig 1). Chromosome counts for five Artemisia species are reported for the first time. These species are as follows:

A. aucheri with 2n=18, A. deserti with 2n=18, A. diffusa with 2n=36, A. gypsacea with 2n=54 and A. santolina with 2n=54.

New Chromosome numbers differing from

the numbers previously reported, are obtained for two species. These new counts are 2n=54 for A. austriaca and 2n=18 for A. incana. The previous counts for A. austriaca are 2n=16 (Sklinska et al., 1959; Kuzmanov et al., 1986) and 2n=36 (Kawatani & Ohno, 1964). Previous count for A. incana is n=6 (Kawatani & Ohno 1964). Chromosome counts for the following five species: A.absinthium, (2n=18), A. annua (2n=18), A. chamaemelifolia (n=9), A. scoparia (2n=16) and A.vulgaris (2n=16) confirmed the previously published counts for these species (Table 1).

Meiosis was normal in A. annua and A. chamaemelifolia with 9 bivalents at diakinesis of both species (Fig. 1.A).

ō.	No. Name of species	chromosome no.	ome no.	locality & Herbarium no.	Previous records +
		n	2n		
_	A.absinthium L.		18	Mzandaran, 15-46km from	2n=18, Kawatani & Ohno (1964);
				Azadshahr to Shahroud	2n=18, n=9, Susuka (1950);
				No. 59622	2n=18, Polya (1949);
					2n=18, Kaul and Bakshi (1984);
					2n=18, Medelak and Schwizer (1986);
					2n=18, Verlaque et al. (1987)
2	A.annue L.		18	Mazandaran, Ramsar, Neydasht,	2n=18, Polya (1949);
				No. 6334	2n=18, n=9, Susuka (1950);
		9	18	Khorassan, Ashkhaneh	2n=18, Masumori (1972)
				No. 59667	
		9	18	Gilan, Hashtpar, Karkan river bed.	
				No. 59481	
			18	Mazandaran, Minudasht	
				No. 59645	
			18	Esfahan, Near Soffeh Mountain	
w	A.* aucheri Boiss.		18	Semnan, Damghan, Cheshme-Ali	No previous record
				No. 59539	
4	A. austriaca Jacq.		54△	Azarbayejan. 5km. from	2n=16, Skalinska et al. (1959);
				Ardabil to Astara	2n=36, Kawatani & Ohno (1964);
				No. 61642	2n=16, Kuzmanov et $al(1986)$
S	1 -1:6-1:-				

table 1. Chromosome Numbers of Artemisia L. Species

(Cont.....Table 1)

2n=16, Kuzmanov et al (1986)				
2n=16, Mendelak & Schweizer (1986);				
2n=16, Kaul and Bakshi (1984)				
2n=16, Schweizer and Ehrendorfer (1983);	Tasuj		& Kit	
2n=36, 16, Kawatani & Ohno (1964);	Azarbayjan, side of Urmieh Lake,	16	A. scoparia Waldst.	11
	No. 58761			
	Iranshahr to Khash, Dasht-e Abkhan			
	Baluchestan, 40 km. from	54		
No previous record	No. 58757			
	Tamandan valley,		Schrenk	-
	Baluchestan, Kuh-e Taftan,	54	A.* santolina	10
	No. 59471			
n=6(?), Kawatani & Ohno (1964)	from Zanjan to Bijar			
	Azarbayjan, Zanjan, 52km.	18∆	A. incana(L.)Druce	9
	No. 67956		ex Poljak	
No. previous record	from Azadshahr to Shahroud		M. pop & Lincz.	
	Semnan, Shahrud, 85 km.	54	A.* gypsacea Krash	00
	Shahroud to Azadshahr		ex Poljak	
No previous record	Semnan, ca. 20 km. from	36	A.* diffusa Krasch.	7
	Tamandan valley, No. 58760			
No Previous record	Baluchestan, Kuh-e Taftan,	18	A.* deserti Krasch.	6
	No. 43128			
	N. side of Kandavan Tunnel		A. ch. Vill.	Ŋ

(Cont.....Table 1)

						12
						12 A. vulgaris L.
						16
					No. 64289	Azarbayjan, East of Kaleibar
2n=18, Gupta & Gary (1987)	2n=16, Kuzmanov et al (1986);	n= 8, Mulligan (1984);	2n=16, 18, Kaul and Bakshi (1984);	2n=16, Kawatani & Ohno;	2n=16, Polya (1949);	2n=18, 36, 54, Clausen et al (1938);

*) Chromosome number for these species are reported for the first time.

+) Where there has been many previous reports of the same chromosome number for the species, only some of them are

included in the table.

Δ) New Chromosome counts for the species previously examined karyologically.

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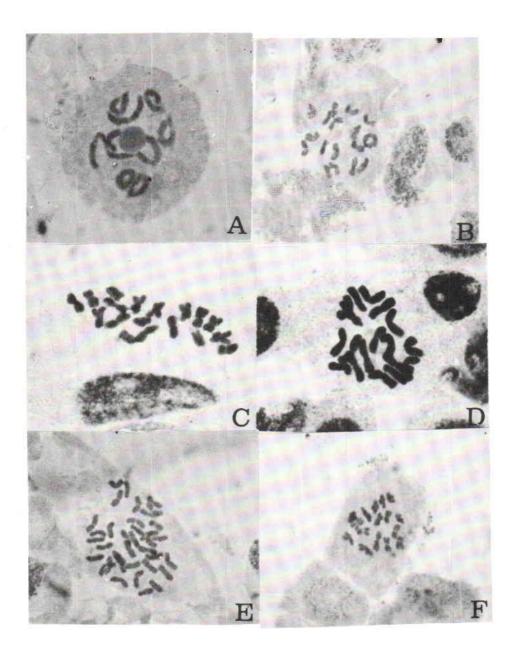


Fig. 1. Photomicrographs of Chromosomes of five Artemisia species. A, A. annua n=9 (Diakinesis). B-E, Metaphase Chromosomes of 8-hydroxy quinoline treated root tip cells of: B, A. annua; C, A. absinthium; D, A. deserti; E, A. diffusa; F, A. scoparia (x1250)