

TWO NEW SPECIES OF THE ROSACEAE FROM IRAN

M. Khatamsaz

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Pyrus kandevanica and *Cotoneaster esfandiarii* are described as new species. The first species is related to *P. boissieriana* and the latter is most closely related to *C. integrifolius*. The differences of the new species and their relatives are explained.

Mahboubeh Khatamsaz, Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands, P.O. Box 13185-116, Tehran. Iran.

دو گونه جدید از خانواده گل سرخ از ایران
از: محبوبه خاتم‌ساز

گونه‌های *Cotoneaster esfandiarii*, *Pyrus kandevanica* به عنوان گونه‌های جدید نامگذاری و شرح داده می‌شوند. گونه اولی با گونه *P. boissieriana* قرابت دارد و نزدیکترین گونه به گونه دومی *C. integrifolius* است. اختلاف گونه‌های جدید با گونه‌های وابسته توضیح داده می‌شود.

Introduction

In the course of studies on the *Rosaceae* family, several new species have been introduced (Khatamsaz 1985 & 1988). Now, two more new species are described.

Pyrus kandevanica Ghahreman, Khatamsaz & Mozaffarian, sp. nov. (sect. *Pashia* Koehne).

Arbor usque ad 5 m. altus, ramis spinosis, glabris, novellis fuscouscentibus, vetustioribus cinereis. Foliorum lamina 3-8 x 3-5 cm, late ovata, basi rotundata, apice acuminata vel apiculata, margine serrulata, supra glabra, nitida, subtus pallidior. Petiolus lamina paulo longior usque ad 6 cm longus. Inflorescentia densa, multiflora. Pedicelli breves. Calycis laciniae triangulari-acuminatae, extus glabrae, intus lanato-tomentosae, deciduae. Styli 2-4. Fructus globosus, usque ad 1.8 cm diametro, rubellus, albido-punctulatus, pedicello fructifero crasso.

Typus. Iran. Mazanderan, Siahbisheh, 2200 m, Ghahreman & Mozaffarian 7109 (holotypus TUH; isotypus TARI).

Tree up to 5 m, spinescent, glabrous, twigs blackish when young, later becoming grey. Leaves 3-8 x 3-5 cm, broadly ovate, rounded at the base, acuminate or apiculate at the apex, serrulate at margin, glabrous and shining above, dull beneath, blackish when dry, petioles up to 6 cm long, usually as long as or longer than the blade. Inflorescence dense, many flowered, pedicels short. Calyx segment

triangular-acuminate, glabrous on the outside, lanate-tomentose inside, deciduous. Styles 2-4. Fruit globose, up to 1.8 cm diam, reddish, white punctate, pedicels thick.

Diagnose. The new species is distinguished by compact inflorescence, thick pedicels and large fruit. It is closely related to *P. boissieriana* Buhs but differs from it in having compact inflorescence, thick and shorter pedicels, larger fruits, acuminate and apiculate leaves.

Cotoneaster esfandiarii Khatamsaz, sp. nov.

(Sect. *Orthopetalum* Koehne).

Frutex parvulus, 30-40 cm tantum altus. Rami juveniles tomentosi, mox glabrescentes, anthoninii fusco-atropurpurei. Folia lanceolato-elliptica vel ovato-elliptica, 10-16 mm longa, 4-8 mm lata, basi cuneata, supra sparse pilosa, viridia, subtus laxe tomentosa. Petiolus pilosus, 2-3 mm longus. Inflorescentia tomentosa, sub-nutans. Hypanthium et calyx tomentosum. Flores parvuli; corolla 4 mm diam.; petala erecta vel erecto-patentia, alba, dorsum rubescens, suborbicularia, 2-2.5 mm longa; stamens ca. 16-20; styli 3-4. Fructus subglobosus, 6 mm diametro, ruber, villosulus. Pyrenis 3-4.

Typus. Iran, Tehran, Firuzkuh, Lazour, Kuh-e Mishin-e Marg area, 2500-3400 m, Khatamsaz, Akhiani & Abouhamzeh 64756 (holotypus TARI); *paratypus.* idem Mozaffarian 54282 (fruiting stage).

Small shrub ca. 30-40 cm, branchlets of this

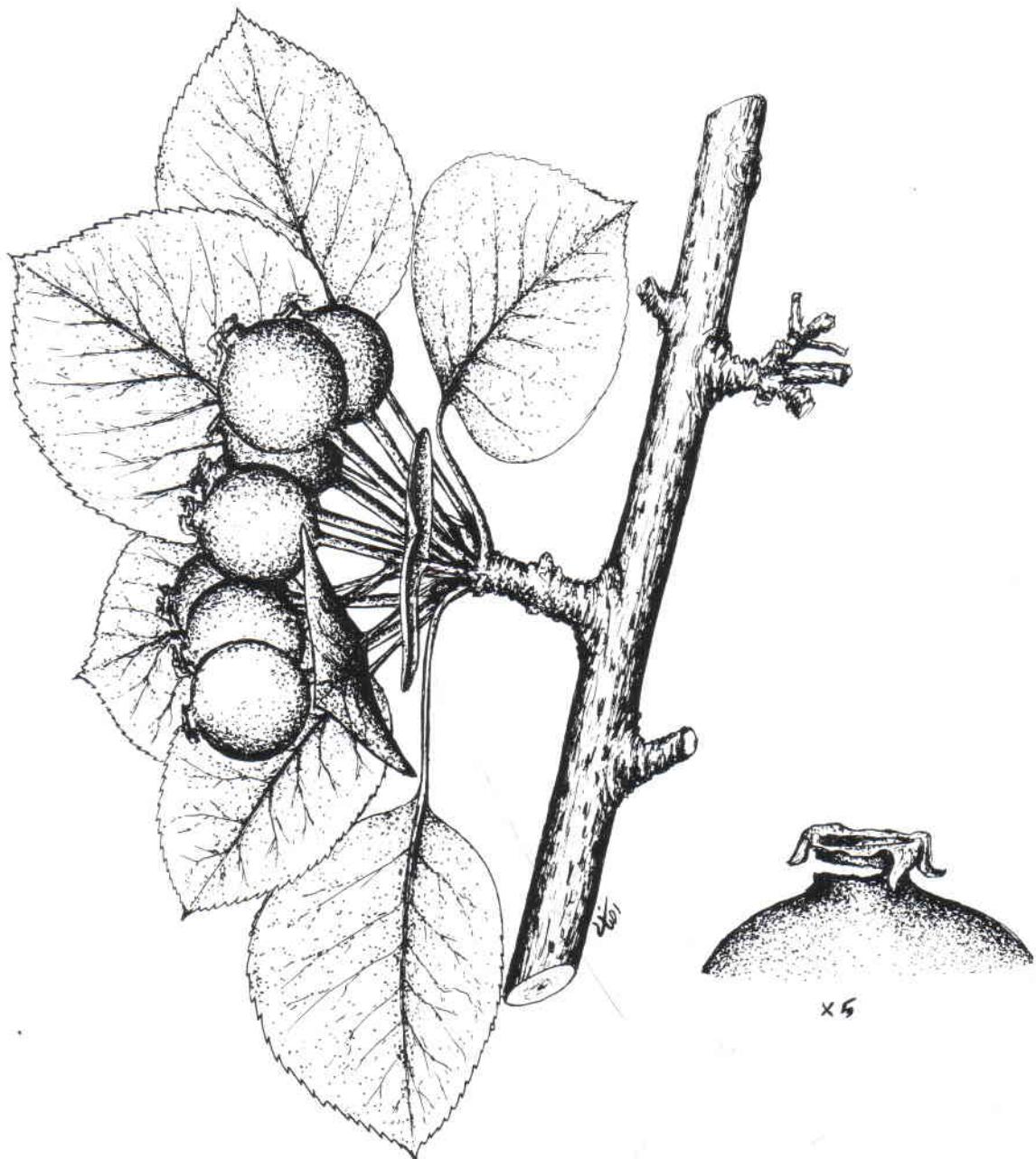


Fig.1. *Pyrus kandevanica* (nat. size; fruit x 5).

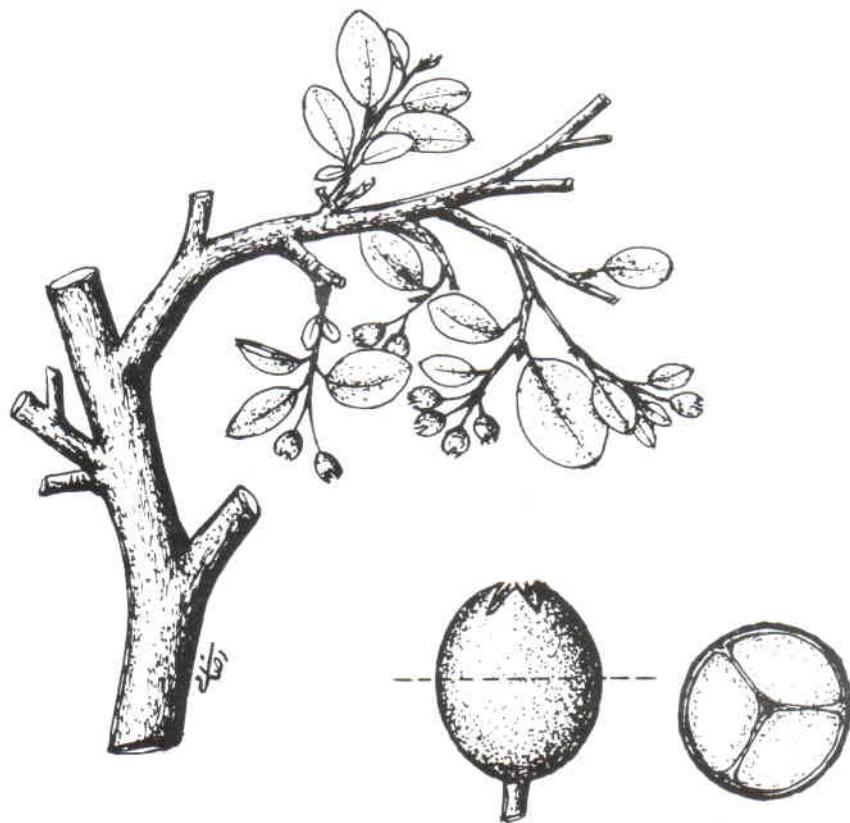


Fig.2 *Cotoneaster esfandiarii* (nat. size; fruit x 5).

year's growth in the beginning shortly appressed tomentose, then glabrous, branchlets of last year dark purple. Leaves lanceolate or elliptic, 10-16 mm long, 4-8 mm wide, acute at the apex, cuneate at the base, scatteredly pilose above, tomentose beneath; petioles pilose, 2-3 mm long. Cymes subnutant, tomentose, 3-7 flowered, hypanthium and calyx tomentose.

Corolla small, 4 mm diam.; petals white, reddish at the back, suborbicular, erect or subspreading; stamens ca. 16-20; styles 3-4. Fruit subglobose, 6 mm diam., red, villous; pyrenes 3-4.

Diagnose. The new species is distinguished by subnutant inflorescence, more flowers, 3 styles,

lanceolate leaves.

It is most closely related to *C. integrifolius* Medicus but differs from it in subnutant inflorescence, more flowers, lanceolate or elliptic leaves. In *C. integrifolius*, inflorescence is nutant with less flowers (2-3). Oblong-ovate leaves and glabrous hypanthium.

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