INTERESTING RECORDS OF THE GRAMINEAE FAMILY FROM IRAN

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Beckmannia eruciformis subsp. eruciformis and Glyceria caspica which have only been reported in geographical distribution of some floras from Iran are reported from NW. and N. Iran. Exact localities based on herbarium collections are given and geographical distribution of the species are explained.

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INTRODUCTION

During the phytosociological studies at the margin of Urumieh lake and the forests of SE. Tonekabon (Liresar) herbarium specimens from the area were collected. After naming plants in the herbarium of Research Institute of Forests and Rangelands, following species are reported as interesting records for the flora of Iran.

**Beckmannia eruciformis** (L.) Host subsp. eruciformis

Azarbaycjan: Urumich, road of Mahabad, Gharreh Tappeh village, margin of Urumieh lake, 1280 m, Hamzehee & Asri 70977; Between Urumieh and Salmas, Khantakhti, 1380 m, V. Mozaffarian 70093.

The genus was not included in K.H. Rechinger Flora Iranica (Bor, 1970). According to the Flora of Turkey, (Dogan, 1985, p. 387) general distribution of the species is S. & C. Europe, S. Russia, Crimea, Caucasus, NW. Iran, Transcaspica and E. Asia.

**Glyceria caspica** Trin

Mazandaran: SE. of Tonekabon, Liresar, Lesakouti forest, 1100 m, Hamzehee 71082; 8 km from Abbas-abad to Hasankief (WAI), 800 m, Assadi & Maassoumi 51453.

This species was previously reported from Iran only in geographical distribution of Grasses of the Soviet Union (cf. Tsvelev 1970). It is distributed in deciduous forests, middle and lower mountain belts of Caucasus and Iran.

REFERENCES

Bor, N.L. 1970: Gramineae in K.H. Rechinger (ed.) Flora Iranica no. 70. -Graz.


Fig. 1. Beckmannia eruciformis (L.) Host subsp. eruciformis (x 0.34; A. spikelet x 7.3; B. Glumes x 8.4; C. upper Lemma x 7.5; D. lower Lemma x 7.6; E. Palea x 7.6)
Fig. 2. Glyceria caspica (x 0.24; A. Spikelet x 6.8; B. Lemma x 7.3; C. Palea x 8.2)